Read/Right Products 33 Murray Hill Drive Nanuet, N.Y. 10954

June, 1997 1205, 1305

SECTION 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY INFORMATION

PRODUCT (TRADE) NAME:

Kleen and Dry CRT Screen Cleaner

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER(S):

1205, 1305

CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS:

Isopropyl Alcohol Solution Predominantly: CH3CH(OH)CH3

CHEMICAL FORMULA:

Read/Right: 1-800-327-1237

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

CHEMTREC (Transportation): (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS ACGIH TLV (ppm) OSHA PEL (ppm) CAS# 67-63-0 COMPONENT 400 30.0 400 Isopropyl Alcohol 25 50 7664-41-7 0.05 Ammonium Hydroxide 100 NA 0.10 68391-01-5 Alkyl Dimethyl Benzyl Ammonium Chloride 100 NA 0.10 68956-79-6 Alkyl Dimethyl Ethyl Benzyl Ammonium Chloride NA NA 69.8 7732-18-5 Deionized Water

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION Product is distributed as either a single use, presaturated pad, in an aluminum foil packet or, a plastic dispenser holding up to 50 presaturated applicators. In both cases, all the liquid is absorbed by the applicator(s). Isopropyl alcohol is a flammable liquid. Eye contact will cause local irritation and burning sensations with possible injury if not removed promptly. Repeated or prolonged contact with skin may produce irritation and cause dermatitis. Exposure above TLV may cause irritation of respiratory tract and eyes along with headaches, dizziness and CNS effects. May be harmful if swallowed with ingestion of 20mL causing serious injury.

Carcinogenicity (OSHA/NTP/IARC/ACGIH): Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: None Listed None Listed

SECTION 4: FIRST AID INFORMATION

EYE CONTACT:

Flush with water for 15 minutes, including under eyelids. Get Medical help.

SKIN CONTACT:

Flush with water.

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air. Keep at rest. Restore and/or support breathing as

needed. Get prompt Medical attention.

INGESTION:

In the unlikely event of ingestion of a wiper, first aid measures should focus on removal of the object and preventing choking. Once removed, keep

affected person at rest. Call physician immediately.

SECTION 5: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (TCC): 85°F FLAMMABLE LIMITS (% BY VOLUME): LEL: NA UEL: NA AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE °F (°C): NA

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Isopropyl alcohol fires may be extinguished using carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol foam. Water may be used to cool containers exposed to the fire.

UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Isopropyl alcohol may release vapors which may ignite at or above flash point.

NFPA RATING:

HEALTH

FLAMMABILITY REACTIVITY

(3) (0)

Formulation is classified as an OSHA Class IB Flammable Liquid

NA = Not Available

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Since the isopropyl alcohol solution is completely absorbed by the applicator and the amount of isopropyl alcohol per applicator is small, the chance of a significant spill occurring is small. In the event however, a significant amount of liquid is released, ventilate the area, especially low areas where vapors may collect and remove all sources of ignition. Cleanup personnel need protection against liquid contact and vapor inhalation.

Store in a clean, cool, ventilated are away from sources of ignition and oxidizing agents.

Handle and store in a manner suitable for an OSHA Class IB Flammable Liquid. Electrical services SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE must meet applicable codes. Use non-sparking tools.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL - PERSONAL PROTECTION Provide ventilation to maintain TLV. Use non-sparking tools. Avoid inhalation of vapors, contact with eyes and repeated or prolonged contact with skin. Do not take internally.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES & VOLATILE BY VOLUME @ 25°C: 100 195 (90.5) BOILING POINT ("F("C)): EVAPORATION RATE (BUTYL ACETATE=1): >1 VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg @ 25°C): 43 : Presaturated Pad FORM: >1 VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): Alcohol & SOLUBLE IN WATER @ 25°C: ODOR: 100. Clear Liquid SPECIFIC GRAVITYOG/CC 025°C) APPEARANCE: 0.95

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

Will not occur INCOMPATIBILITIES/CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Caustics, amines, alkanolamines, aldehydes, ammonia, HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: strong oxidizing agents and chlorinated compounds.

Carbon monoxide HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Not Available

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Not Available

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Follow Federal, State and Local regulations. Јине, 1997 1205, 1305 Page 3

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT CLASSIFICATION: Not Regulated

Proper Shipping Name:

Hazard Class: UN Number:

Packing Group: Hazard Labeling:

IATA/ICAO CLASSIFICATION: Not Regulated

Proper Shipping Name:

Hazard Class:

UN Number: Packing Group:

Hazard Labeling:

IMDG CLASSIFICATION: Not Regulated

Proper Shipping Name:

Hazard Class:

IMDG Page#: Packing Group:

Flash Point (°C):

Marine Pollutant:

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

state and local laws and regulations.

SARA TITLE III REPORTING:

Toxic Chemical (Section 313):

Extremely Hazardous Substance (Section 302, 304, 311,312):

Hazard Class:

Chronic Health Acute Health

Fire Hazard Pressure Hazard

Reactivity Hazard

TSCA INVENTORY STATUS

Not listed Not Listed

Yes Yes

Yes No

No

All components listed are on the TSCA inventory

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION The information provided herein is compiled from internal reports and data from professional publication. It is furnished without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. It is intended solely to assist in evaluating suitability and proper use of the material and in implementing safety precautions and procedures. Employers should use this information as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials. All information used must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal,